**Unidad 5, etapa 2 Study Guide**

* **Know all the vocabulary on pg 365 (and extra words on the sheet passed out)**
* **Using the verb deber**

This unit talks about doing chores at home, and that we should or ought to do them. For this, you use the verb deber, which must be followed by an infinitive verb (not conjugated).

**Examples:**

Yo debo lavar los platos. = I should wash the dishes.

Mi madre debe lavar la ropa. = My mother should wash the clothes.

Mi padre debe sacar la basura. = My father should take out the trash.

 Mi hermano debe limpiar su cuarto. = My brother should clean his room.

* **Using the present progressive**

You use the present progressive to talk about an action you are doing right now. Since this is a temporary action, you use the verb “estar” . This is a new use of the verb “estar”.

Yo estoy Nosotros estamos

Tú estás Vosotros estáis

Él/Ella/Usted está Ellos/Ellas/Ustedes están

* In English, the present progressive is formed with the verb “to be” and a second verb ending in

 “ing”.

 E.g. I am reading. She is writing. We are reading.

* In Spanish, you form the present progressive by using the present tense of “estar” and the following endings to ar,er, and ir verbs

 ar verbs = take off the “ar” and add “ando”

 hablar = hablando

 er and ir verbs = take off the “er” and “ir” and add “iendo”

 comer = comiendo

 escribir = escribiendo

**Examples:**

 I am talking. = Yo estoy hablando.

 You are eating. = Tú estás comiendo.

 She is writing. = Ella está bebiendo.

* **Irregular past participles**

**Some of the irregulars use a “y”:**

Leer – leyendo =reading Ir = yendo = going

Oír – oyendo = hearing Traer – trayendo = bringing

Creer – creyendo = believing

**Some stem-change the first vowel:**

Pedir – pidiendo = asking Server – sirviendo = serving

Decir – diciendo = asking Dormir – durmiendo = sleeping

Venir – viniendo = coming

**Examples:**

Yo estoy leyendo. = I am reading.

Tú estás sirviendo la comida. = You are serving the food.

* **Using direct object pronouns with the present progressive.**

Since you have two verbs, you can choose to put the direct object pronoun before the first conjugated verb (estar), or attached to the second infinitive verb. Watch out: if you attach it to the infinitive verb, you MUST add an accent to the vowel right before the "n" in "ando" or "iendo"

**Examples:**

Eg. Yo estoy leyendo el libro.

 Yo lo estoy leyendo. OR Yo estoy leyéndolo.

Tú estás escribiendo una carta.

Tú la estás escribiendo. OR Tú estás escribiédola.

Yo estoy comiendo la pizza.

Yo la estoy comiendo. OR Yo estoy comiéndola.

Yo estoy comprando las camisas.

Yo las estoy comprando. OR Yo estoy comprándolas.

* **Adverbs**

To form an adverb in English, you add “**ly**” to an adjective Quick becomes quickly. In Spanish you add “**mente**” If the adjective ends in an “**o**”, you change it to an “**a**”:

So **lento**, changes to **lentamente.**

Adverbs are placed after the verb:

**Examples:**

Yo corro lentamente. = I run slowly. Tú comes rápidamente. = You eat quickly.

* **Ordinal Numbers**

Learn the following ordinal numbers:

Primero = first

Segundo = second

Tercero = third

Cuarto = fourth

Quinto = fifth

Sexto = sixth

Séptimo = seventh

Octavo = eighth

Noveno = ninth

Décimo = tenth